



Simulation in Medical Education

Andrea Delprado

Health and Medical Education Consultant Laerdal



Guest et al 2001



The development and maintenance of expertise in any domain requires extensive, sustained practice in a manner which embeds self-awareness, performance monitoring and critical reflection



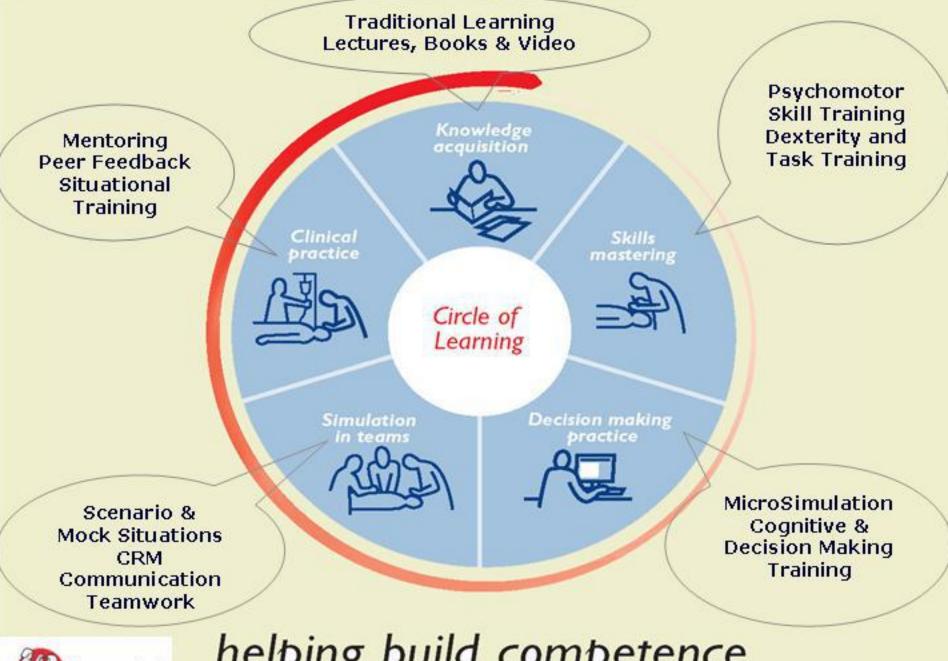


Integration into education



The Circle of Learning







helping build competence



How relevant is it for you?



Should become relevant by

- Meeting your needs as learners for ongoing education
- Being related to your current clinical practice
- Providing the ability to practice infrequent yet catastrophic events
- Reinforcing basic patient assessment and decision making





How relevant is it for you?



Should become relevant by

- Providing the ability to learn in your own environment
- Developing confidence and competence in a patient safe environment
- Helping develop good self reflective skills to improve learning
- Facilitating human factor training
 Effective Trauma Team Response!





In Summary



- Defined simulation and the different types
- Reviewed advantages and disadvantages
- Discussed how simulation can be integrated into an education process
- Identified why it should be relevant to you in your practice





In Conclusion



"Simulation is an educational technique that allows interactive, and at times immersive activity by recreating all or part of a clinical experience without exposing patients to the associated risks"

Maran & Glavin, Medical Education Vol 37, Issue s1,page 22 - November 2003

Thank you



If Women controlled medicine



The Manogram





Introduction

- Define Simulation
- Advantages and Disadvantages
- Integration into an education process
- How relevant is it for you?



What is Simulation?



Simulation is

- Close resemblance or imitation
- Assumption of a false appearance
- Reproduction or representation

Medical Simulation

 Training or educating in a synthetic or "almost real" environment

Fidelity in Simulation – Internal & External

 Exact correspondence with fact or with a given quality, condition, or event; accuracy, degree of similarity.





Types of Simulation



Manikin (Mannequin)

- Human Patient Simulators MacroSimulation
- High or low fidelity

Anatomical Models

- Part task training-Psychomotor skill development
- High or low fidelity

Software based

- Decision making skills Metacognition MicroSimulation
- High fidelity much more effective immersive for the learner
- Must provide debriefing/feedback to the learner





Types of Simulation



Haptics

- Mechanical Models and Virtual Reality combined
- High fidelity

Standardised Patient

- "Real" patients for assessment
- Actors moulaged for a scenario

Animal and Cadaveric

- Individual skill performance
- Accurate anatomically





Advantages of Simulation



Patient Safety

- Safe environment to practice in
- Fewer "real" cases available for students and junior staff to experience

Repitition

- Able to repeat experience as necessary confidence
- Able to perform infrequently used skills

Human Factor Training

- Team performance and training
- Self reflection on practice





Advantages of Simulation



Learner development

- Situational analysis of clinical environment
- Critical thinking skills
- Decision making skills
- Application of knowledge in a context
- Videotaping allows repeated review and comparison





Disadvantages of Simulation



May be Intimidating

- Having to "perform"
- Setting yourself up for critical review "I'm not going to do that, they'll all be watching me, what if I stuff up!"
- Confidentiality!

Unfamiliar with equipment

- Manikin functionality What you can and can't do
- Software functionality

New learning environment

- Requires self reflection without being defensive
- Being "Debriefed" by someone else good skills





Simulation Should



Be based around

- The needs of the learner and the organisation
- The opportunity to apply and integrate theoretical knowledge
- Training in a safe environment

Not be

- Designed to introduce new material for the first time
- Used to intimidate or humiliate

